STATISTICS 538, Lecture #9

Ordinal Regression Models

November 22, 2010

Order suggests underlying continuous latent variable

Response $Y_i \in \{1, 2, \dots, J\}$

e.g., strongly disagree, disagree, neutral, agree, strongly agree.

e.g., no recovery, partial recovery, full recovery

For thresholds $\theta_1, \ldots, \theta_{J-1}$, think:

$$Y_i = j \leftrightarrow \theta_{j-1} < Z_i < \theta_j$$

Then model continuous variable with linear model

$$Z_i = \beta^T X_i + \epsilon_i$$
$$\epsilon_i \sim F_0$$

Note: no intercept, no unknown scale parameter in F_0 .

Choice of F_0 like choice of link function.

 F_0 = Normal may not be most interpretable!

Logistic dist: $F_0(s) = 1/\{1 + \exp(-s)\}$

Extreme value dist: $F_0(s) = 1 - \exp(-\exp(s))$

Copenhagen Housing Conditions Survey

> library(MASS); help(housing)

Sat: Satisfaction of householders with their present housing circumstances, (High, Medium or Low).

Infl: Perceived degree of influence householders have on the management of the property (High, Medium, Low).

Type: Type of rental accommodation, (Tower, Atrium, Apartment, Terrace).

Cont: Contact residents are afforded with other residents, (Low, High).

Freq: the numbers of residents in each class.



Copenhagen Housing Conditions Survey

```
> housing
     Sat
           Infl
                     Type Cont Freq
1
     Low
         Low
                    Tower Low
                                21
2
  Medium Low
                    Tower Low
                                21
3
                                28
    High
            Low
                    Tower Low
4
     Low Medium
                    Tower Low
                                34
5
 Medium Medium
                    Tower Low
                                22
6
                                36
    High Medium
                    Tower Low
70
     Low
           High
                  Terrace High
                                 5
                                 6
71 Medium
           High
                  Terrace High
72
    High
           High
                  Terrace High
                                13
```

Fit using polr(), default 'link' is logistic

summary(ft2)

Coefficients:

```
Value Std. Error t value
InflMedium 0.5663924 0.1046528 5.412110
InflHigh 1.2888218 0.1271561 10.135741
TypeApartment -0.5723552 0.1192380 -4.800107
TypeAtrium -0.3661912 0.1551733 -2.359885
TypeTerrace -1.0910195 0.1514860 -7.202113
ContHigh 0.3602834 0.0955358 3.771187
```

Intercepts:

Value Std. Error t value
Low|Medium -0.4961 0.1248 -3.9739
Medium|High 0.6907 0.1255 5.5049

Residual Deviance: 3479.149

AIC: 3495.149



Or try proportional hazards: ft3 \leftarrow polr(Sat \sim ..., method="cloglog")

2 0.2660860 0.2874496 0.4464643 3 0.1324311 0.2728674 0.5947016

```
> predict(ft2,
 newdata=expand.grid(Infl=c("Low", "Medium", "High"),
         Type="Tower", Cont="Low"), type="p")
       Low Medium
                          High
1 0.3784494 0.2876742 0.3338765
2 0.2568267 0.2742112 0.4689620
3 0.1436921 0.2110823 0.6452255
> predict(ft3,...)
       Low Medium
                          High
1 0.3996213 0.2641956 0.3361831
```